



# LG-03IR4C94C-302KW DATA SHEET

 SPEC. NO.
 :
 SZ18080401

 DATE
 :
 2018/08/04

 REV.
 :
 A/0

Approved By:

Checked By:

Prepared By:

Part No.	LG-03IR4C94C-302KW	Page	1 of 9

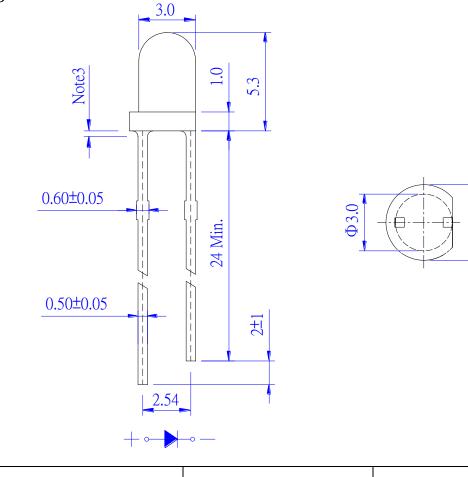
## LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

## LIGHT

### Features

- Pb free product—RoHS compliant
- Low power consumption, High efficiency
- General purpose leads
- Reliable and rugged
- Long life solid state reliability
- ♦ Radiant angle: 30°

### Package Dimension



Part NO.	Chip Material	Lens Color		
LG-03IR4C94C-302KW	AlGaAs	Water Clear		

#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.20$ mm unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm max.
- 4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.

#### Part No. LG-03IR4C94C-302KW

D3.85







#### Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃

Parameter	MAX.	Unit		
Power Dissipation	150	mW		
Continuous Forward Current	100	mA		
Peak Forward Current <sup>*3</sup>	1.0	А		
Reverse Voltage	5	V		
Operating Temperature	$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature	-40°C to + 100°C			
Lead Soldering Temperature [2mm From Body]	260°℃ for 3 Seconds			
Lead Soldering Temperature [5mm From Body]	$260^{\circ}$ C for 5 Seconds			

#### 1. Storage:

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature or 70% relative humidity.

It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months.

For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

#### 2. Precautions in handling:

- When soldering, leave 2mm of minimum clearance from the resin to the soldering point.
- Dipping the resin to solder must be avoided.
- Correcting the soldered position after soldering must be avoided.
- In soldering, do not apply any stress to the lead frame particularly when heated.
- When forming a lead, make sure not to apply any stress inside the resin.
- Lead forming must be done before soldering.
- It is necessary to cut the lead frame at normal temperature.

#### 3. Peak Forward Current:

Condition for is IFP pulse:Pulse Width ≤ 0.1 ms and duty ≤ 1%.



#### Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Radiant Intensity	Ie	25	35	51.8	mW/sr	I <sub>F</sub> =50mA (Note 1,3)
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	25	30	35	Deg.	(Note 2)
Peak Wavelength	λp		940		nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
Spectral Line Half- Width	$ riangle \lambda$		50		nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
Forward Voltage	$V_{\mathrm{F}}$		1.25	1.5	V	I <sub>F</sub> =50mA
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>			100	μΑ	V <sub>R</sub> =5V

#### Note:

- 1. Point sources of the amount of radiation per unit time in a given direction within the unit solid Angle radiated energy.
- 2.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the Radiant Intensity is half the axial Radiant Intensity.
- 3. The Ie guarantee should be added  $\pm 15\%$  tolerance.

#### Radiant Intensity Bin Code (IF=50mA)

BIN CODE	Min. (mW/sr)	Max. (mW/sr)
4	25	30
5-A	30	32.9
5-B	32.9	35.2
6	35.2	43.2
7	43.2	51.8

NOTE: The Ie guarantee should be added ±15% tolerance.

Part No. LG-03IR4C94C-302KW	Page	4 of 9
-----------------------------	------	--------

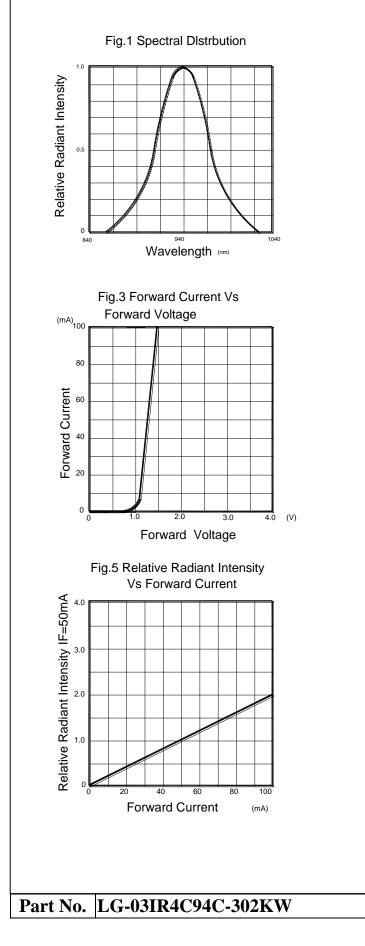


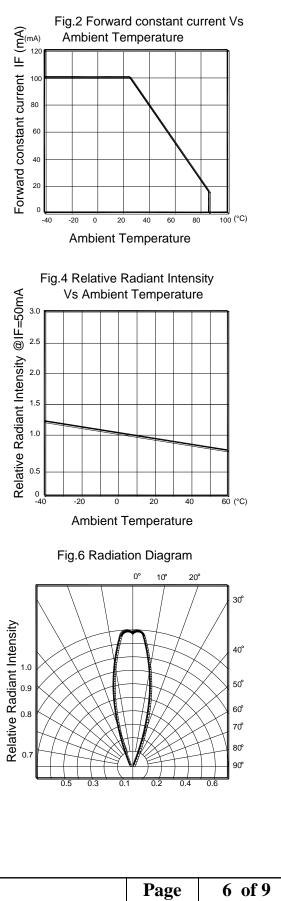


## **Recommended Wave Soldering Profile** 300 5s •C standard curve 250 Т 235 °C ... 260 °C limit curves 2. wave 200 1. wave 150 ca 200 K/s 2 K/s 5 K/s-100 °C ... 130 100 forced cooling 2 K/s 50 0 50 150 Т 100 200 s 250 0 t Part No. LG-03IR4C94C-302KW



#### Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



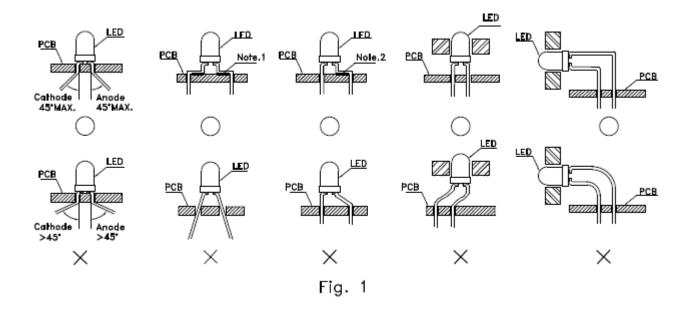


LG-QR-R009-01



#### LED MOUNTING METHOD

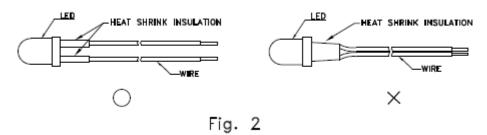
1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures (Fig.1).



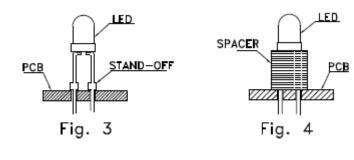
"°" Correct mounting method "×" Incorrect mounting method

Note 1-2: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the lead frame and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.

2. When soldering wire to the LED, use individual heat-shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental contact short-circuit (Fig.2).



3. Use stand-offs (Fig.3) or spacers (Fig.4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.



Part No. LG-03IR4C94C-302KW

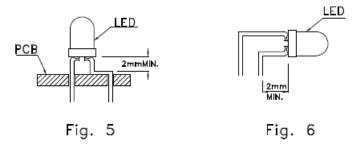
Page7 of 9



#### LEAD FORMING PROCEDURES

LIGHT

1. Maintain a minimum of 2mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend (Fig.5 and Fig.6).

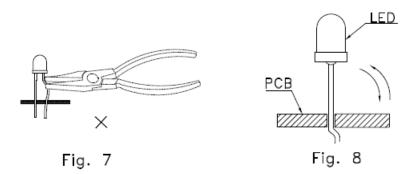


2. Lead forming or bending must be performed before soldering, never during or after soldering.

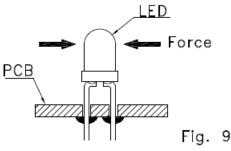
3. Do not stress the LED lens during lead-forming in order to fractures in the lens epoxy and damage the internal structures.

4. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB (Fig.7).

5. Do not bend the leads more than twice(Fig.8)



6. After soldering or other high-temperature assembly, allow the LED to cool down to  $50 \,^{\circ}$ C before applying force (Fig.9). In general, avoid placing excess force on the LED to avoid damage. For any questions please consult with LIGHT representative for proper handling procedures.



### LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.



## PACKAGE

